GOVERNMENT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA D.C. Department of Human Resources

District Personnel Manual Issuance System

DPM Instruction No. 11B-60

This instruction should be filed behind the divider for Part III of DPM Chapter(s) 11B

Date: May 30, 2008

SUBJECT: Setting-Pay Provisions for Positions Paid under *OPEN RANGE* Salary Schedules

Note: This District Personnel Manual (DPM) Instruction supersedes DPM Instruction No. 11B-56, same subject, dated May 13, 2008, for the main purpose of introducing new D.C. Standard Form No. 11B-09, Request for Salary Exception under Open Range Salary Schedule.

1. Purpose and Applicability

This instruction informs agencies of the pay-setting rules for appointments (new and otherwise) to positions paid under the three (3) open range salary schedules (see *Definitions*) described below, to include:

- Appointments at grade levels CS-15 and above to non-union positions in the <u>Career Service</u>;
- Appointments to positions in the <u>Excepted Service</u>;
- Appointments to positions in the Management Supervisory Service; and
- Movements from salary or rate schedules with steps, to open range salary schedules.

2. Open Range Salary Schedules

- Career Service Open Range Salary Schedule for Grade Level 15 and above within the Non-Union General Career Service Schedule ("Non-Union General CS Schedule")
- Excepted Service Open Range Salary Schedule ("ES Schedule")
- MSS Open Range Salary Schedule ("MS Schedule")

3. Pay-Setting Provisions for Open Range Salary Schedules

Type of Appointment	Pay-Setting Policy
New (Initial) Appointment with District government	The rate of pay of "new hires" normally will be set at the minimum rate of the range for the grade or pay level for the position.

NOTE: DPM instructions that are strictly procedural in nature have direct applicability only to agencies and employees under the personnel authority of the Mayor. Other personnel authorities or independent agencies may adopt any or all of these procedures or guidance materials for agencies and employees under their respective jurisdictions. [See DPM Chapter 2, Part II, Subpart 1, § 1.3]

Inquiries: Compensation & Classification Administration, DCHR (202) 442-9700 **Distribution:** Heads of Departments and Agencies, HR Advisors and DPM Subscribers

Retain Until Superseded

Type of Appointment	Pay-Setting Policy
New (Initial) Appointment with District government (continued)	Agencies may set the initial pay at any amount up to the representative rate of the grade or pay level for the position, which in the case of open range schedules is the midpoint range. The following should be considered when setting the rate of pay for initial appointments:
	 Candidate's current salary (proof required); Skill sets the candidate bring to the job in addition to minimum qualifications; Effect on agency budget and budget limitations; Market value of the position; or Compensation internal relationships (salary of new hire compared to others in the agency).
	In <u>extraordinary circumstances</u> where a subordinate agency wants to make an appointment at a salary above the representative rate (salary exception), the agency must request the approval of the D.C. Department of Human Resources (DCHR). Before requesting a salary exception for a <i>new hire</i> , the agency must complete <i>DCSF No. 11B-09</i> (copy attached) and submit the form and the information/documentation listed below to the DCHR:
	 Candidate's current salary (proof required); Documentation of candidate's expertise/specialized skills; Effect of proposed salary on agency's budget; Documentation that the position has been designated hard-to-fill; Recruitment plan(s) and proof of recruitment efforts; Market value analysis of the position; or Comparative analysis of the proposed compensation to other internal pay relationships within the employing agency.
	Such requests <u>must</u> include: a copy of the candidate's D.C. 2000 – Employment Application; written justification; position description; <u>and</u> any other supporting documentation justifying the rate of pay requested.
Promotion	At the discretion of the personnel authority, the rate of pay of an employee promoted within or to an open range salary schedule will be set by adding 10% to the employee's current rate of basic pay.

Type of Appointment	Pay-Setting Policy	
Change to Lower Grade (Demotion) –	There will be <u>no change</u> to the rate of pay of an employee upon a change to lower grade for non-disciplinary reasons; <u>provided</u> that the employee's current salary is within the	
Non-Disciplinary Reasons	range of pay for the new (lower) grade or pay level. If the employee's current salary is <u>over</u> or at the <u>maximum rate</u> the new (lower) grade or pay level, the rate of pay will be at the maximum rate for the new (lower) grade or pay level	
Change to Lower Grade (Demotion) –	The rate of pay of an employee changed to a lower grade for disciplinary/performance reasons will be set at an amount 10% lower than the employee's current rate but in no case	
Disciplinary Reasons/Performance	lower than the minimum nor higher than the maximum of the new rate range.	
Reassignment	There will be <u>no change</u> to the rate of pay of an employee upon reassignment.	
Reclassification*	Reclassification to Lower Grade/Pay Level Position: The rate of pay of an employee whose position is reclassified to a lower grade or pay level will be set in the new grade range at an amount nearest his/her current rate but in no case lower than the minimum nor higher than the maximum of the new rate range.	
	Reclassification to Higher Grade/Pay Level Position: The rate of pay of an employee whose position is reclassified to a higher grade or pay level will in the new rate range at an amount nearest his/her current rate but in no case lower than the minimum nor higher than the maximum of the range of the new grade.	

^{*} The pay-setting policy in this instruction for the term "Reclassification" is to be used for positions on the open range salary schedule only.

4. **Definitions**

For the purposes of this instruction, the following terms have the meaning ascribed:

Appointment – initial (new) appointment with the District government; reassignment; change to lower grade; promotion; or transfer action.

Change to lower grade – (1) the change of an employee to a <u>lower grade</u> when <u>both the old and new positions are under the same salary/rate schedule</u>; or (2) the change of an employee to a position in a <u>different salary/rate</u> schedule with a lower representative rate.

Market-salary analysis – an analysis of the pay levels for similar work paid by other employers within the market area. This analysis is often used to help determine the salary of a particular District government position.

Open range salary schedule – A pay schedule where each pay/grade level of a salary schedule has an open range with no steps, only a "minimum," "midpoint," and "maximum" as reference points of the range.

Personnel authority – an individual or entity with the authority to administer all or part of a personnel management program. The Director, D.C. Department of Human Resources (DCHR), is delegated the Mayor's personnel authority over subordinate agencies.

Promotion -(1) the change of an employee to a position at a <u>higher grade level</u> within the same job classification system and salary/rate schedule; or (2) the change of an employee to a position in a <u>different salary/rate schedule</u> with a <u>higher representative rate</u>.

Rate of basic pay – the pay rate fixed by law, Wage Order, or Mayor's Order for the position held by an employee before any deductions and excluding additional pay of any kind, except as otherwise provided.

Reassignment – the change of an employee from one position to another position with the same (exact) representative rate.

Reclassification – a change in title, series, or grade of a position resulting from either planned management action or accretion of duties.

Representative rate – the rate used to determine the <u>nature of a job change</u> when the job change involves different salary or rate schedules. Specifically, the representative rate is used to determine if the job change is a promotion, change to lower grade, or reassignment, by <u>comparing the representative rates of the salary/rate schedules involved in the job change</u>. The representative rates for the various salary and rate schedules are as follows:

- 4th step for salary schedules with 10 steps;
- 3rd step for rate schedules with 6 steps; and
- Midpoint range for open range salary schedules.

Salary compression – pay differentials too small to be considered equitable. The term may apply to differences between (1) the pay of supervisors and subordinates; (2) the pay of experienced and newly hired incumbents of the same position (job); or (3) pay-range midpoints in successive job grades/pay levels.

Subordinate agency – an agency under the direct administrative control of the Mayor (for the list of subordinate agencies, see D.C. Official Code § 1-603.01 (17)).

5. References

The rules on open ranges are contained in Chapter 11 of the D.C. personnel regulations, Classification and Compensation.

Brender L. Gregory
Director

Attachments:

- D.C. Standard Form No. 11B-09, Request for Salary Exception under Open Range Salary Schedule (Issued 5/08)
- Examples on Setting Pay under Open Range Schedules

GOVERNMENT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

D.C. Department of Human Resources

REQUEST FOR SALARY EXCEPTION UNDER OPEN RANGE SALARY SCHEDULE

Section 1 – Designated Office Within DCHR/Type of Appointment				
			DCHR NO./AGENCY NO.	DATE (Month, Day, Year)
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To: D.C. Department of Human Resources Compensation & Classification Administration	1,	ype 01 A	ppointment [Initial Appts	s./ reappointments]:
	☐ Career Appt. (Prob./Perm./Reinstatement) (Grades 15 & Above			
	☐ Career Appt. (Temporary/Term) (Grades 15 & Above)			
A 44	□ Excepted Service□ MSS Appt. (White-Collar Positions Only)			
Attn:		ıss Appı	(white-Conar Positions C	miy)
Section 2 – Information	on Ag	ency Rec	uesting Salary Exception	<u>n</u>
A source Name		F I C		
Agency Name		For Into	mation Call: (Name/Tel. No.	.)
		T:41-		D-4-
Address		Title		Date
		<u>G:t</u>	C A OCC - : - 1 D	
City, State, Zip Code		Signatur	e of Agency Official Request	ing this Action
	on Ca	ndidate/	Position/Proposed Salar	v
Service Control of the service of th				
Name of the Candidate:				
Title of the Position Being Considered for:			<u> </u>	
Pay Plan Designation (i.e., CS, ES, MS) and Series of	of the I	Position:	,	
Tay Than Designation (i.e., e.s., 2.5, 17.5) and Series	J1 (110 I	OSILION.		
Grade or Pay Level, and Proposed Salary:				
Section 4 – Jus	stificat	ion for S	alary Exception	
Enter or attach to this request: (1) the candidate's comp		-	Note that the same	1: (2) written justification:
(3) position description; and (4) supporting documenta				
			-	
Section 5 - Determination on Request [To Be Completed by DCHR]				
Recommendation: Final Determination on Request:				
			TTTT MARKETTAVE VER ANYUM	•
☐ Approve ☐ Disapprove		☐ Appr	oved	☐ Disapproved
- Approve - Disapprove	1	- Appr	Oved	 Διοαρφιώνεα
Cunomicani UD Charialist (an Dasianas)		Director	of Davignan (on Davignan)	Data
Supervisory HR Specialist (or Designee) Date		Director	of Personnel (or Designee)	Date

	INSTRUCTIONS
Agency:	
• Cor	nplete sections 1 through 4
	der section 1, include the location (address) of the office within the D.C. Department of Human ources (DCHR) to which the request is being submitted
ana	written justification required under section 4 of the form should include the following information documentation, as well as any other information the employing agency considers relevant for the HR to determine whether the request should be approved:
	Candidate's Current Salary (include pay stubs);
	Documentation of candidate's expertise/specialized skills;
	Effect of proposed salary on agency's budget;
	Documentation that the position has been designated hard-to-fill;
	Recruitment plan(s) and proof of recruitment efforts;
	Market value analysis of the position; or
	Comparative analysis of the proposed compensation to other internal pay relationships within the employing agency.
	DCHR:
• Ass	ign a "DCHR No./Agency No." (Section 1) to each DCSF No. 11B-09 received
_	n and date the form (DCHR representative making the recommendation and approving or approving the request for superior qualifications appointment, respectively)
the	e the original DCSF No. 11B-09 approving a request for salary exception on the right hand side of employee's official personnel folder (OPF) along with the personnel action effecting the ointment (the DCSF No. 11B-09 becomes a permanent personnel record)
	urn the original DCSF No. 11B-09 and supporting documentation disapproving a request for salary eption to the agency, and keep a copy of the request
	(Page 2)

EXAMPLES

Example No. 1 -

This is an action moving a Career Service non-union employee in a position at grade level CS-11, to a Management Supervisory Service (MSS) position at grade level MS-11:

(1) Employee's Rate of Basic Pay at Grade Level CS-11:	\$53,758 (Step 3)	
(2) Nature of Job Change (determined by comparing the representative rate for grade CS-11 in the Non-Union General CS Schedule, and the representative rate for grade MS-11 in the MS Schedule):	Job Change = Promotion	
Representative Rate for non-union CS-11 positions (4 th step) = \$55,382		
Representative Rate for MS-11 positions (midpoint range) = \$68,088	050 101	
(3) Employee's Rate of Basic Pay at Grade Level MS-11: Because the nature of the job change is a <i>Promotion</i> , the salary is set by adding 10% to the employee's rate of basic pay at grade level CS-11:	\$59,134	
\$53,758 + \$5,376 = \$59,134		

Example No. 2 -

This is an action moving a MSS employee in a position at grade level MS-13, to another MSS position at grade level MS-14:

(1) Employee's Rate of Basic Pay at Grade Level MS-13:	\$107,794	
(2) Nature of Job Change	Promotion (movement within the same salary schedule)	
(3) Employee's Rate of Basic Pat at Grade Level MS-14: Because the nature of the job change is a <i>Promotion</i> , the salary is set by adding 10% to the employee's rate of basic pay at grade level MS-13: \$107,794 + \$10,779.40 = \$118,573	\$118,573	

Example No. 3 -

This is an action moving a MSS employee in a position at grade level MS-15 level, to an Excepted Service position at pay level ES-9:

(1) Employee's Rate of Basic Pay at Grade Level MS-15:	\$104,000	
(2) Nature of Job Change (determined by comparing the representative	Job Change =	
rate for grade MS-15 in the MS Schedule, and the representative rate for pay level ES-9 in the ES Schedule):	*Change to Lower Grade	
Representative Rate for MS-15 positions (midpoint range) = \$117,942	Non-Disciplinary	
Representative Rate for ES-9 positions (midpoint range) = \$115,875	Reasons]	
(3) Employee's Rate of Basic Pay at Pay Level ES-9: No change	\$104,000	
Because the nature of the job change is a <i>Change to Lower Grade for Non-Disciplinary Reasons</i> , and the employee's current salary is within the range of pay for the new (lower) pay level, there will be no change to the employee's rate of basic pay at pay level ES-9.		

^{*} When processing the personnel action, the appropriate *nature of action* to be used is "Conversion to Excepted Appointment."

Example No. 4 -

This is an action moving a MSS employee in a position at grade level MS-11, to an Excepted Service position at pay level ES-5:

(1) Employee's Rate of Basic Pay at Grade Level MS-11:	\$79,436
(2) Nature of Job Change (determined by comparing the representative	Job Change =
rate for an MS-11 in the MS Schedule, and the representative rate for an ES-11 in the ES Schedule):	*Change to Lower Grade
Representative Rate for MS-11 positions (midpoint range) = \$68,088	[Non-Disciplinary
Representative Rate for ES-5 positions (midpoint range) = \$64,375	Reasons]
(3) Employee's Rate of Basic Pay at Pay Level ES-5:	\$77,250
Because the nature of the job change is a Change to Lower Grade for Non-Disciplinary Reasons, and the employee's current salary is over the maximum range of pay for the new (lower) grade, the rate of pay will be set at \$77,250, the maximum range for the ES-5.	

^{*} When processing the personnel action, the appropriate nature of action to be used is "Conversion to Management Supervisory Service Appointment."

Example No. 5 -

This is an action moving a Career Service employee in a position at grade level CS-14, to another Career Service position at grade level CS-15/16:

(1) Employee's Rate of Basic Pay at Grade Level CS-14:	\$106,921 (Step 9)	
(2) Nature of Job Change (determined by comparing the representative rate for grade CS-14 and the representative rate for grades CS-15/16 in the Non-Union General CS Schedule):	Job Change = Promotion	
Representative Rate for CS-14 positions (step 4) = \$93,286		
<u>Representative Rate</u> for CS-15/16 positions (midpoint range) = \$108,895		
(3) Employee's Rate of Basic Pay at Grade Level CS-15/16:	\$117,613	
(3) Employee's Rate of Basic Pay at Grade Level CS-15/16: Because the nature of the job change is a <i>Promotion</i> , the salary is set by adding 10% to the employee's rate of basic pay at grade level CS-14:	\$117,613	

Example No. 6 -

This is an action reassignment/transfer of an employee in a MSS position at grade level MS-12, to another MSS position at grade level MS-12:

(1) Employee's Rate of Basic Pay at Grade Level MS-12:	\$70,000
(2) Nature of Job Change	Job Change =
	Reassignment/transfer to position of same Grade level
(3) Employee's Rate of Basic Pay at Grade Level MS-12:	\$70,000
Since this is a reassignment/transfer to another position with the same grade (comparable internal worth), no salary increase is given.	